University center Abdelhafid Boussouf- Mila Faculty of law & political sciences Department of Law

Lecture five: Criminal Justice



Addressed To Master one criminal Law Students-Semester 1

Prepared & Presented by:

Ms. Sara MEZHOUD

Teacher of English language

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(ما هي العدالة الجنائية؟) What is Criminal Justice

Criminal Justice is the structure and processes by which crimes are investigated, prosecuted, and punished. It ensures that individuals accused of committing crimes are given a fair trial and appropriate sentencing. The criminal justice system also focuses on rehabilitation to reduce recidivism (the tendency to reoffend). It operates in a framework of law, human rights, and fairness.

The system can be divided into three main components:

Law Enforcement (إنفاذ القانون):

The police and other agencies responsible for enforcing laws, investigating crimes, and arresting suspects.

The Courts (المحاكم):

Courts provide a platform for the legal proceedings of criminal cases, where guilt or innocence is determined, and sentences are passed.

Corrections (الإصلاحات):

This includes prisons, probation, parole, and rehabilitation programs designed to punish, rehabilitate, and reintegrate offenders into society.

2. Key Components of the Criminal Justice System (المحونات الرئيسية لنظام العدالة)

A. Law Enforcement (إنفاذ القانون)

Law enforcement refers to the agencies and officers responsible for maintaining public order and safety. They have the duty to investigate crimes, gather evidence, and arrest suspected criminals. Police officers, detectives, and forensic teams are critical to this part of the system.

Role of the Police:

The police investigate crimes, collect evidence, apprehend suspects, and work with the judicial system to bring criminals to trial.

Investigation:

Criminal investigations typically involve gathering physical evidence, interviewing witnesses, and utilizing forensic methods to identify suspects.

B. The Courts (المحاكم)

The courts are responsible for determining the guilt or innocence of the accused and delivering justice. This process includes trials where both the defense and prosecution present their cases before a judge and sometimes a jury.

Criminal Trials:

A criminal trial is a formal process where the accused is judged by a court of law. In some legal systems, a jury of citizens helps determine the verdict, while in others, the judge alone makes the decision.

Prosecution and Defense:

The prosecutor represents the state and seeks to prove the accused's guilt, while the defense attorney represents the accused and seeks to present evidence that proves their innocence or reduce the severity of the charge.

Sentencing:

If the defendant is found guilty, the judge will impose a sentence that could range from a fine, probation, or community service, to a prison sentence, depending on the crime committed.

C. Corrections (الإصلاحات)

The corrections component involves the punishment and rehabilitation of offenders. It includes prisons, probation, parole, and rehabilitation programs designed to rehabilitate offenders and prevent future crimes.

Prisons and Detention Centers:

Individuals who are convicted of serious crimes are typically incarcerated in prisons, where they serve sentences as a form of punishment and rehabilitation.

Probation and Parole:

Probation allows offenders to serve their sentences in the community under supervision, while parole allows for early release from prison under specific conditions, often related to good behavior and rehabilitation.

Rehabilitation Programs:

These programs aim to reform offenders, providing education, counseling, and job training to help reintegrate them into society and reduce the likelihood of reoffending.

3. The Goals of Criminal Justice (أهداف العدالة الجنائية)

Prevention of Crime (الوقاية من الجريمة):

One of the primary goals of the criminal justice system is to prevent crime by deterring offenders through punishment and by promoting lawful behavior.

Protection of Society (حماية المجتمع):

The criminal justice system aims to protect society from criminals by removing offenders from society (through imprisonment) or imposing sanctions (such as fines or house arrest).

Punishment (العقاب):

The system ensures that offenders receive appropriate punishment for their crimes. Punishments can range from minor fines to severe prison sentences.

Rehabilitation (إعادة التأهيل):

The system aims to reform offenders, providing opportunities for education, therapy, and skills development so that they can reintegrate into society and reduce the risk of recidivism.

Fairness and Justice (العدالة والإنصاف):

A core principle of the criminal justice system is to ensure that all individuals, regardless of background or status, receive fair and just treatment throughout the legal process.

4. Challenges in Criminal Justice (التحديات في العدالة الجنائية)

Overcrowded Prisons (اكتظاظ السجون):

Many countries face challenges related to overcrowding in prisons, which can lead to poor conditions for inmates and difficulty in providing effective rehabilitation.

Discrimination and Bias (التمييز والتحيز):

Discrimination in the criminal justice system, such as racial, ethnic, or socioeconomic bias, can undermine fairness and lead to unequal treatment of individuals.

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Recidivism (العود إلى الجريمة):
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A significant challenge in criminal justice is reducing recidivism, or the tendency of offenders to reoffend after serving their sentences.

Access to Legal Representation (الوصول إلى التمثيل القانوني):

Some individuals, particularly those from low-income backgrounds, may struggle to access proper legal representation, which can impact the fairness of their trials.

Terminology

Criminal Justice - العدالة الجنائية - Law Enforcement الفاذ القانون الجنائي - Criminal Law - القانون الجنائي - Prosecution - الادعاء - Defense - الادعاء - Trial - المحاكمة - الإدانة - Conviction - الإدانة - البراءة - البراءة - Sentencing - العقوبة - Punishment - العقوبة - Punishment - الردع - Peterrence - الردع - Deterrence - الجريمة الجنائية - Recidivism - العود إلى الجريمة - العود العود إلى الجريمة - العود العود

المراقبة - Probation

الإفراج المشروط - Parole

السجن - Prison

الحجز - Jail

التحقيق الجنائي - Criminal Investigation

جلسة محاكمة - Court Hearing