

Tutorial Exercises in Physics 1 / Set 1

Exercise 1:

Provide the dimensions and the units of the various physical quantities listed below:

Energy, power, potential **U**, and resistance **R**.

Exercise 2:

The force (modulus) of gravitation is given by: $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{G} \frac{Mm}{r^2}$. Using the international units derived from the different quantities

1. Find the equation of dimensions and the unit of the gravitational constant **G**. With **M** and **m** (in kilogram: **Kg**) and **r** (in meter: **m**).

Exercise 3:

To measure the thickness of a hollow cylinder, you measure the inner diameter **D₁** and the outer diameter **D₂**, and you find $D_1 = 19.5 \pm 0.1$ mm and $D_2 = 26.7 \pm 0.1$ mm.

1. Give the measurement result and its precision (relative uncertainty).
2. Calculate the area **A** of a circle with a radius **R** = 5.21 ± 0.10 cm.
3. What is the precision ($\Delta S/S$ in %) of the obtained result?

Exercise 4:

To calculate the terrestrial acceleration **g** of a pendulum, we measure the length of the pendulum

l as well as the oscillation period **T** we use the law: $\mathbf{T} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$

With $l = (1.552 \pm 0.002)$ m and $T = (2.50 \pm 0.02)$ s

1. Calculate **g** with its relative uncertainty as well as its absolute uncertainty