Univercity center Mila Institute of sciences and technologie First year Ing GP/GC/GM.

<u>Série 01</u>

Exercise 01:

1. How many atoms are there in each of following:

(a)52 moles of Ar, (b) 3.75 moles of silver, (c) 48g of Mg, (d) 158 kg of phosphorus.

2. What is the amount, in moles, of each of the following?

(a) 449 g of potassium, (b) 11.8 g of Ar, (c) 2.16 x 10^{24} atoms of Fe (d) 10.2 10^{30} molecuels of O₂

3. What is the mass of each of the following?

(a) $1.9 \ge 10^{24}$ atoms of Pb (in g), (b) $4.87 \ge 10^{25}$ atoms of Zn (in kg), (c) $2.33 \ge 10^{20}$ atoms of oxygen (in mg)

Data: Molare mass: (Ar= 39.95g/mol;Ag =107.87g/mol;Mg= 24.31g/mol;K= 39.09g/mol;

P= 30.97g/mol; Fe= 55.84g/mol; Pb =207.2g/mol; Zn= 65.38g/mol;O= 16g/mol).

Exercise 02:

1. A bottle containing a solution of sulfuric acid H_2SO_4 with a mass of 72% and a volumetric mass $\rho = 1.64$ g/cm³. Calculate for this solution:

a- molarity (C)

b- molality (m)

c- normality (N)

2. What is the volume of water that should be added to 100 mL of previous acid to obtain a solution of sulfuric acid with $\rho = 1.18 \text{ g/cm}^3$ volumetric mass and 20% mass.

Data: Molare mass: (H= 1g/mol; O= 16g/mol; S= 32.06g/mol)

Exercise 03:

We have a sodium hydroxide solution with a concentration of 80% and a density of 1.46, -Calculate the volume needed to prepare 200 mL of this solution with a concentration of 8M?

Exercise 04:

Calculate the mass percent of oxygen, hydrogen, and carbon in the following compounds: H_2O_2 , H_2O , H_2CO_3

Exercise 05:

The mass of a proton, neutron, and electron is given as follows: mp= $1,6723842 \times 10^{-24} \text{ g}$; mn= $1,6746887 \times 10^{-24} \text{ g}$; me= $9,109534 \times 10^{-28} \text{ g}$

- 1. What is an atomic mass unit?
- 2. Find the numerical value of **a.m.u** in grams in the same way as the mass of atomic objects.
- 3. Calculate the mass of the proton, neutron, and electron in a.m.u. rounded up 10^{-4}

Exercise 06:

Numerical indications can be applied to the X symbol of an element in the three positions A,

Z and q. What does each of them mean? $A_{Z}^{A}Xq$

Complete the table:

Nucléide	Numéro	Nombre	Nombre de	Nombre de	Nombre des
	atomique	de masse	protons	neutrons	électrons
¹²¹ ₅₁ Sb					
Ga	31	69			
W		184	74		
16S				16	
$^{24}_{12}Mg^{2+}$					
³⁵ ₁₇ Cl ⁻					