# Exercise series no. 3

## Exercise 01

- The following character encoding is used in a data link protocol:
   A: 01000111; B:11100011; FLAG: 01111110; ESC: 11100000.

  Show the bit sequence transmitted (in binary) for the four-character frame: A B ESC FLAG when each of the following framing methods are used:
  - a) Character count.
  - b) Flag bytes with byte stuffing.
  - c) Starting and ending flag bytes, with bit stuffing.
- 2. A bit string, 0111101111101111110, needs to be transmitted at the data link layer. What is the string actually transmitted after bit stuffing?
- 3. Byte stuff the following data: A ESC ESC FLAG B

## Exercise 02

- 1. The message 11010011 is to be transmitted using the CRC error detection method having the generator polynomial  $G(x) = x^5 + x^2 + 1$ . Calculate the frame that will be transmitted.
- 2. Consider the received frame 110110111. Check, if the received frame was transmitted correctly, using the CRC error detection method having the generator polynomial  $G(x) = x^3 + x^2 + 1$ .

## Exercise 03

- 1. A message of 8 bits payload (10011010) need to be transferred. Calculate the message that will be transmitted using Hamming Code.
- 2. The following messages have been received. Verify, if they were transmitted correctly, using Hamming Code.
  - a) 00111101
  - b) 101110100010

## **Exercise 04**

In the transmission of frames from a sender A to a receiver B, a protocol is defined as follows:

- a) The sender transmits three frames in succession and then waits for an acknowledgment from B.
- b) When this acknowledgment arrives, the sender transmits the next three frames and waits for a new acknowledgment.
- c) Frames consist of 1024 bits, including 80 service bits.
- d) Acknowledgments consist of 64 bits.
- e) The channel data rate is 2 Mbit/s, and the propagation speed of electromagnetic waves is  $3 \times 10^8$  m/s over the 10 km link between A and B.

# **Questions:**

- 1. What is the time required for the confirmed transmission of a frame?
- 2. What is the channel utilization rate?
- 3. A 1 MB message is sent from A to B using the above protocol. What is the total transmission time for this message?

## Exercise 05

A bus-type 802.3 local network has a 10 Mbit/s data rate and is 800 m long. The signal propagation speed is 200 m/ $\mu$ s. The MAC frames contain 256 bits in total. The time interval immediately following a data transmission is reserved for an acknowledgment of 32 bits.

# **Questions:**

- 1. How many bits are in transit on the bus at a given moment?
- 2. What is the actual useful throughput of the network, assuming each frame contains 48 service bits (MAC and LLC fields)?

# Exercise 06

We recall that the nominal data rate of an Ethernet network is 10 Mbit/s and that frames contain:

- A preamble of 8 bytes.
- Two address fields of 6 bytes each.
- A length field of 2 bytes.
- Data, whose length must be between 46 and 1500 bytes.
- An error control block of 4 bytes.
- Additionally, a silent interval between frames is mandatory, lasting 9.6 µs.

## **Questions:**

- 1. Determine the maximum useful throughput on an Ethernet network.
- 2. What is the degree of the generator polynomial used for error control?