TD 6 REPONSES

Part 1: MCQ

- **1.** b) The variety of life forms on Earth, essential for ecosystem resilience.
- **2.** c) Forests, water, and solar energy.
- 3. c) Ensuring future generations' access to natural resources.
- **4.** b) Habitat loss and soil erosion.
- **5.** b) The Paris Agreement.
- **6.** b) Habitat restoration and nature reserves.

Part 2: Essay Answers

1. Definition of the Environment and Types of Natural Resources

- Environment: The environment consists of biotic (living) and abiotic (nonliving) components that interact to support life, including ecosystems, biodiversity, climate, soil, water, and air.
- Natural Resources:
 - Renewable Resources: Naturally replenished (e.g., forests, solar energy).
 - Non-Renewable Resources: Available in limited quantities (e.g., oil, minerals).

2. Sustainable Strategies for Natural Resource Management

- Biodiversity Conservation: Restoring habitats, creating natural reserves, and involving local communities.
- Water Management: Techniques like rainwater harvesting and efficient irrigation to reduce waste.
- Waste Reduction: Promoting recycling, composting, and reducing single-use