EMPIRICAL CORRELATIONS FOR FORCED CONVECTION OVER CIRCULAR AND NONCIRCULAR CYLINDERS IN CROSS FLOW

TABLE 3.2 – Empirical correlations according to *Hilpert equation* for flow across circular cylinders.

Cross-section of the cylinder	Fluid	Re	Nu
Circle	Gas or liquid	0.4 - 4	Nu = 0.989Re ^{0.330} Pr ^{1/3}
		4 - 40	Nu = 0.911Re ^{0.385} Pr ^{1/3}
		40 – 4 000	Nu = 0.683Re ^{0.466} Pr ^{1/3}
		4 000 – 40 000	Nu = 0.193Re ^{0.618} Pr ^{1/3}
		40 000 – 400 000	Nu = 0.027Re ^{0.805} Pr ^{1/3}

TABLE 3.3 – Empirical correlations according to **Zukauskas equation** for flow across circular cylinders.

Cross-section of the cylinder	Fluid	Re	Nu
Circle	Gas or liquid	1-40	$Nu = 0.75 Re^{0.4} Pr^{1/3}$
		$40 - 10^3$	Nu = 0.51Re ^{0.5} Pr ^{1/3}
		$10^3 - 2 \times 10^5$	Nu = 0.26Re ^{0.6} Pr ^{1/3}
		$2 \times 10^{5} - 10^{6}$	Nu = 0.076Re ^{0.7} Pr ^{1/3}

TABLE 3.4 – Empirical correlations according to *Hilpert equation* for flow across noncircular cylinders.

Cross-section of the cylinder	Fluid	Re	Nu
Square	Gas	$5 \times 10^3 - 10^5$	Nu = 0.102Re ^{0.675} Pr ^{1/3}
Square (tilted 45°)			
	Gas	$5 \times 10^3 - 10^5$	Nu = 0.246Re ^{0.588} Pr ^{1/3}
Hexagon			
	Gas	$5 \times 10^3 - 10^5$	Nu = 0.153Re ^{0.638} Pr ^{1/3}
Hexagon			
	Gas	5x10 ³ - 19.5x10 ³ 19.5x10 ³ - 10 ⁵	Nu = 0.160Re ^{0.638} Pr ^{1/3} Nu = 0.0385Re ^{0.782} Pr ^{1/3}
Vertical plate			
	Gas	$4x10^{3} - 15x10^{3}$	Nu = 0.228Re ^{0.731} Pr ^{1/3}

