Abdelhafid Boussouf
University
Center of Mila



Structure of Computers and Applications

1st year ST – ENGINEERING

Part 2: The basics of Algorithm and Program

Course 08: INPUT AND OUTPUT STATEMENTS (I/O)
By

Dr. Farouk KECITA

Academic year: 2024/2025

2 Introduction

- ➤ Input means to provide the program with some data to be used in the program
- > Output means to display data on screen or write the data to a printer or a file.
- C programming language provides many built-in functions to read any given input and to display data on screen when there is a need to output the result.
- All these built-in functions are **present** in C header files that we discussed earlier.
- The Formatted input/output functions are standard functions capable to read and write all types of data values.
- The formatted I/O functions supported by C are printf() and scanf().

The standard input-output header file, named **stdio.h** contains the definition of the functions **scanf()** and **printf()**, which are used *to take* Input from **user** and *to display* Output on **screen** respectively.

1_1. printf():

- This is an output statement. To output data on to a screen, we use the standard output library function, represented by the word "printf" followed by the open and closing parentheses ().
- It is used to display the value of a variable or a message on the screen.

> Syntax:

```
printf("<message>");
printf("<control string>", argument list separated with commas);
```

1 Scanf() and Printf() functions

Examples:

```
printf("This is C statement");
printf("The number is %d", a);
printf("The number %d is equal to %f", 2, 11.5);
printf("The number %d is not equal to %d", x, y);
_2. scanf():
```

- This is an input statement. Data can be stored in the variables after accepting the values from the user through the keyword, by using a standard library function for input operation.
- This allows a **program** to get **user input** from the **keyboard**.
- This means that the program gets input values for variables from users.

5 1_Scanf() and Printf() functions

1_2. scanf():

Syntax:

scanf("<format code>",list of address of variables separated by commas);

Examples:

```
scanf("%d", &a);
scanf("%f", &b);
scanf("%d %f %c", &a, &b, &y);
```

Note 01: The '&' sign before *a*. & *a* denotes the address of *a* and value is stored in that address.

Note 02: Conversion format string "%f" is used for floats to take input and to display floating value of a variable.

2_ Print a message or Multiple Statements

☐ To print a message "Hello World" on the screen

```
/*Program to print a message "Hello World" */
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
printf("Hello World\n");
return 0;
}
```

To Display Multiple Statements

```
/*Program to print Name and Address*/
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
printf("Name: kecita f\n");
printf("Qualification: PhD\n");
printf("Address: Algeria\n");
printf("Work: University Professor\n");
return 0; }
```

Output:

Hello World

Output:

Name: kecita f Qualification: PhD Address: Algeria Work: University Professor

7 3_ To Initialize data types and display them

Program to Initialize int, char, float data types display them

```
/*Program to initialize int, char, float data types*/
 #include<stdio.h>
vint main() {
int n=25;
float m=4.55;
char x='F';
 printf("Integer=%d\tFloat Value=%f\nCharacter=%c\n",n,m,x);
 return 0;
```

Output:

```
Integer=25 Float Value=4.550000
Character=F
```

4_ To accept the values of data types and display them

To accept the values of int, float, char data types and display them

```
#include<stdio.h>
   int main() {
   char y:
4 int n;
5 float m;
6 // Accept the values for data types from user
   printf("Enter Character: ");
    scanf("%c",&y);
    printf("Enter Integer Value: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
10
    printf("Enter Float Value: ");
    scanf("%f",&m);
12
13
    //Display the accepted values
    printf("Integer=%d\t Float Value=%f\n Character=%c",n,m,y);
    return 0; }
```

```
Output: Enter Character: f
     Enter Integer Value: 12
     Enter Float Value: 10.55
    Integer=12 Float Value=10.550000
      Character=f
```