

Third directed work of biochemistry

Structure and physicochemical properties of carbohydrates

Exercise 1 : Indicate which of these statements is (are) correct

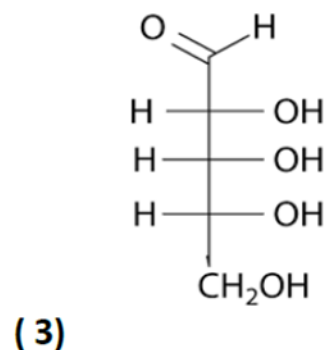
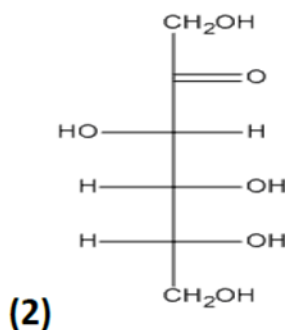
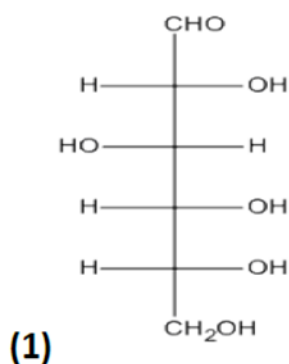
Question 1 : Concerning the cyclic structure of sugars:

- a. The ring is formed by a bond in the sugar molecule between two carbonyl functions.
- b. The pyranic form corresponds to a heterocycle with 6 vertices.
- c. Anomeric OH gives rise to carbon number 1 in the case of ketosis.

Question 2 : Concerning the carbohydrates :

- a. 20% of calories provided by the human diet are carbohydrates.
- b. Two sugars having the same number of carbons and the same chemical form, but differing in the stereoisomeric configuration of their carbons are called enantiomers.
- c. Ribose is a ketopentose.

Exercise 2: Give the cyclic form and the names of the compounds above. (α anomer, pyran form for compound 1 and β anomer, furan form for compounds 2 and 3).



Exercise 3: Consider the following carbohydrates:

Carbohydrate A : α -D-Glucopyranosyl (1-2) β -D-Fructofuranoside;

Carbohydrate B : β -D-Galactopyranosyl (1-4) D-Glucopyranose.

Give their formulas in the cyclic representation.