

Exercice 1 :

1) L'expression du débit maximum au col

$$\dot{m}^* = \rho^* \cdot s^* \cdot v^*$$

$$\text{On soit que : } \frac{\rho_0}{\rho^*} = \left(\frac{\gamma+1}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}}$$

$$U^* = a^* \sqrt{\gamma r T^*}$$

$$\text{On a : } \frac{T_0}{T^*} = \frac{\gamma+1}{2} \quad T^* = \frac{2}{\gamma+1} T_0$$

$$\dot{m}^* = \rho_0 \left(\frac{2}{\gamma+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}} \cdot s^* \left(\frac{2\gamma r T_0}{\gamma+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\text{Pour l'air : } P_0 = \rho_0 \cdot r \cdot T_0 \quad \rho_0 = \frac{P_0}{r \cdot T_0}$$

$$\dot{m}^* = \frac{P_0 \rho^* \cdot 0.6847}{(r T_0)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

2) la section au col :

$$A^* = s^* \frac{\dot{m}^* (r T_0)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{P_0 \rho^* \cdot 0.6847} = 0.0083 \text{ m}^2$$

3) La section de sortie :

$$\frac{A_2}{A^*} = \frac{1}{Ma_2} = \left[\frac{2}{\gamma+1} \left(1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} Ma_2^2 \right) \right]^{\frac{\gamma+1}{2(\gamma-1)}}$$

$$A_2 = A^* \cdot X$$

$$A_2 = 0.0083 \cdot X = 218.8 \text{ cm}$$

4) La pression de sortie

$$\frac{P_0}{P_2} = \left[\left(1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} Ma_2^2 \right) \right]^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}}$$

$$P_2 = \frac{P_0}{57.08} = 11.7 \text{ KPa}$$

5) La vitesse de sortie

$$Ma_2 = \frac{U_2}{a_2} = i \quad U_2 = Ma_2 \cdot a_2 = 2.5 \sqrt{\gamma R T_2}$$

$$\frac{T_0}{T_2} = 1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} Ma_2^2 = i \quad T_2 = 222.2 \text{ K}$$

donc $U_2 = 474 \text{ m/s}$

Exercice 2 :

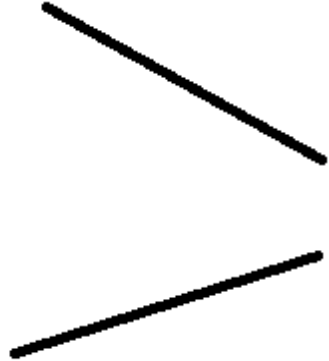
Détermination des paramètres à la sortie et la pression de stagnation.

La pression à la sortie $\left(\frac{P_2}{P_0} \right)$

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{P_2}{P_0} \cdot \frac{P_0}{P_1} = \frac{\left(\frac{P_2}{P_0} \right)_2}{\left(\frac{P_1}{P_0} \right)_1}$$

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{0.6560}{0.9365} = i \quad P_2 = P_1 \cdot \frac{0.6560}{0.9365} = 452 \text{ KPa}$$

Ma = 0.3



La température à la sortie $\left(\frac{T_2}{T_0} \right)$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{T_2}{T_0} \cdot \frac{T_0}{T_1} = \frac{\left(\frac{T_2}{T_0} \right)_2}{\left(\frac{T_1}{T_0} \right)_1} = \frac{0.8865}{0.9823}$$

$$= i \quad T_2 = T_1 \cdot \frac{0.8865}{0.9823} = 302 \text{ K}$$

La section de sortie (A_2) :

$$\frac{A_2}{A_1} = \frac{A_2}{A_1} \cdot \frac{A_1}{A_1} = \frac{\left(\frac{A_2}{A_1} \right)_2}{\left(\frac{A_1}{A_1} \right)_1} = \frac{1.038}{2.035}$$

$$= i \quad A_2 = A_1 \cdot \frac{1.038}{2.035} = 5.12 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$$

Pression de stagnation

$$\frac{P_1}{P_0} = 0.9395 = \textcolor{red}{i} P_0 = \frac{P_1}{0.9395} = 689 \text{ KPa.}$$

On bien $\frac{P_2}{P_0} = 0.6560$