University Center Abdelhafid Boussouf - Mila University year 2022-2023

Institute : Sciences and Technologie

Discrete Dynamical Systems

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Exercises [ One-Dimensional Maps]

## Exercise 1

## **Hyperbolic Fixed Points**

- 1. Consider the map  $f_{\lambda}(x) = 1 \lambda x^2$  defined on the interval[-1, 1], where  $\lambda \in (0, 2]$ . Find the fixed points of  $f_{\lambda}(x)$  and determine their stability
- 2. Consider the logistic map  $L_{\mu}(x) = \mu x(1 x), x \in [0, 1]$

$$L_{\mu}(x): [0,1] \to [0,1], 0 < \mu \leq 4$$

Find all fixed point of the map  $L_{\mu}(x)$  and determine their stability.

## Nonhyperbolic Fixed Points

- 3. Consider the map  $f(x) = -x^3 + x$ Find the fixed points of f(x) and determine their stability
- 4. Consider the map  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x$  on the interval [-3, 3] Find the equilibrium points and then determine their stability.

# Exercise 2

## Periodic Points and their Stability

- 1. Consider the map f(x) = |x-3| = x|inR. Find all fixed points and all the 2-periodic points,
- 2. Consider the map

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x \text{ si } 0 < x < 0.5\\ 2(1-x) \text{ si } 0.5 \le x \le 1 \end{cases}$$

. Find all 2-periodic points and Find all 3-periodic points

- 3. Consider the difference equationx(n + 1) = f(x(n)) where  $f(x) = 1 x^2$  is defined on the interval [-1,1]. Find all the 2-periodic cycles, 3-periodic cycles, and 4-periodic cycles of the difference equation and determine their stability.
- 4. Find the period of the point  $\frac{1}{8}(5 + \sqrt{5})$  for the map  $f(x) = 4x(1 x), x \in [0, 1]$ ) Also determine its stability



#### Attraction and Bifurcation

- 1. Find the fixed points of the one-dimensional map  $f(x) = x + sin(x), x \in R$ . Also find the basins of attraction.
- 2. Consider the family of maps  $L_{\mu}(x) = \mu x(1 x), x \in [0, 1],$ 1.Find all fixed points
  - 2.Carry out the bifurcation analysis
  - 3. Draw the bifurcation diagram.
- 3. Consider the family of maps  $f_c(x) = c x^2$ , where *c* is scalar 1. Find all fixed points
  - 2.Carry out the bifurcation analysis
  - 3. Draw the bifurcation diagram.