

## Solution TD n° 03

### Exercice 01

1.

- **ET** à partir de **OU** et **NON** :

$$\text{NON } (A \text{ OU } B) = (\text{NON } A) \text{ ET } (\text{NON } B)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{NON } ((\text{NON } A) \text{ OU } (\text{NON } B)) = (\text{NON } (\text{NON } A)) \text{ ET } (\text{NON } (\text{NON } B)) = A \text{ ET } B$$

- **OU** à partir de **ET** et **NON** :

$$\text{NON } (A \text{ ET } B) = (\text{NON } A) \text{ OU } (\text{NON } B)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{NON } ((\text{NON } A) \text{ ET } (\text{NON } B)) = (\text{NON } (\text{NON } A)) \text{ OU } (\text{NON } (\text{NON } B)) = A \text{ OU } B$$

2.

A	B	$\bar{A}$	$\bar{B}$	A . B	$\bar{A} . \bar{B}$	A + B	$\bar{A} + \bar{B}$	$\overline{A . B}$	$\overline{A + B}$
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0

3. On utilise les lois de De Morgan ; l'opérateur **ET** est prioritaire :

$$\text{a) } \overline{A + B . C} = \bar{A} . (\overline{B . C}) = \bar{A} . (\bar{B} + \bar{C}) = \bar{A} . (\bar{B} + C) = \bar{A} . \bar{B} + \bar{A} . C$$

4.

- $A + \bar{A} . B = (A + \bar{A}) . (A + B)$  (distributivité)  
 $= 1 . (A + B) = A + B$  (élément neutre)
- $A . (\bar{A} + B) = A . \bar{A} + A . B$  (distributivité)  
 $= 0 + A . B = A . B$  (élément neutre)

5.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } \bar{A} . B + A . B &= (\bar{A} + A) . B \\ &= 1 . B \quad (\text{inverse}) \\ &= B \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } (A + B) . (A + \bar{B}) &= A + (B . \bar{B}) \\ &= A + 0 \quad (\text{inverse}) \\ &= A \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c) } \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{A \cdot B + A + B + C + D}}}}} &= \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{(\overline{\overline{A \cdot B}})} \cdot (A + B + C + D)}}}} && \text{(lois de De-Demorgan)} \\
 &= \overline{\overline{\overline{(\overline{\overline{A}} + \overline{\overline{B}})} \cdot (A + B + C + D)}}} \\
 &= \overline{\overline{\overline{(A + B)} \cdot (A + B + C + D)}}} \\
 &= \overline{\overline{\overline{(A + B)} \cdot ((A + B) + (C + D))}}
 \end{aligned}$$

On a :  $A \cdot (A + B) = (A + 0) \cdot (A + B)$

$$A \cdot (A + B) = A + 0 \cdot B$$

$$A \cdot (A + B) = A + 0 \quad \text{(élément absorbant)}$$

$$A \cdot (A + B) = A$$

En appliquant cette règle, on obtient :  $(A + B) \cdot ((A + B) + (C + D)) = (A + B)$

Donc :

$$\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{A \cdot B + A + B + C + D}}}}} = \overline{\overline{\overline{A + B}}}$$

$$\text{d) } A + B \cdot \overline{C} + \overline{A} \cdot (\overline{B \cdot \overline{C}}) \cdot (A \cdot D + B) = (A + B \cdot \overline{C}) + (\overline{A + B \cdot \overline{C}}) \cdot (A \cdot D + B)$$

D'après la question 4 :  $A + \overline{A} \cdot B = A + B$

En appliquant cette règle, on obtient :

$$(A + B \cdot \overline{C}) + (\overline{A + B \cdot \overline{C}}) \cdot (A \cdot D + B) = (A + B \cdot \overline{C}) + (A \cdot D + B)$$

Donc :

$$\begin{aligned}
 A + B \cdot \overline{C} + \overline{A} \cdot (\overline{B \cdot \overline{C}}) \cdot (A \cdot D + B) &= (A + B \cdot \overline{C}) + (A \cdot D + B) \\
 &= (A + A \cdot D) + (B + B \cdot \overline{C}) && \text{(commutativité et associativité)}
 \end{aligned}$$

On a :  $A + (A \cdot B) = (A \cdot 1) + (A \cdot B)$

$$A + (A \cdot B) = A \cdot (1 + B)$$

$$A + (A \cdot B) = A \cdot 1 \quad \text{(élément absorbant)}$$

$$A + (A \cdot B) = A$$

En appliquant cette règle, on obtient :

$$(A + A \cdot D) = A$$

$$(B + B \cdot \overline{C}) = B$$

Donc :

$$A + B \cdot \overline{C} + \overline{A} \cdot (\overline{B \cdot \overline{C}}) \cdot (A \cdot D + B) = A + B$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{e) } (A \oplus B) \cdot B + A \cdot B &= (\overline{A} \cdot B + A \cdot \overline{B}) \cdot B + A \cdot B \\
 &= \overline{A} \cdot B \cdot B + A \cdot \overline{B} \cdot B + A \cdot B \\
 &= \overline{A} \cdot B + A \cdot 0 + A \cdot B && \text{(Idempotence et inverse)} \\
 &= \overline{A} \cdot B + A \cdot B
 \end{aligned}$$

D'après la question 5.a :  $\overline{A} \cdot B + A \cdot B = B$

Donc :

$$(A \oplus B) \cdot B + A \cdot B = B$$

### Exercice 2

1.  $F(A,B) = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} + \bar{A} \cdot B + A \cdot \bar{B}$

A	B	F(A, B)
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

2.  $F(A,B) = \overline{\bar{A} \cdot \bar{B}} = A \uparrow B = A \text{ NAND } B$

$\bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} + \bar{A} \cdot B + A \cdot \bar{B} = A \text{ NAND } B$

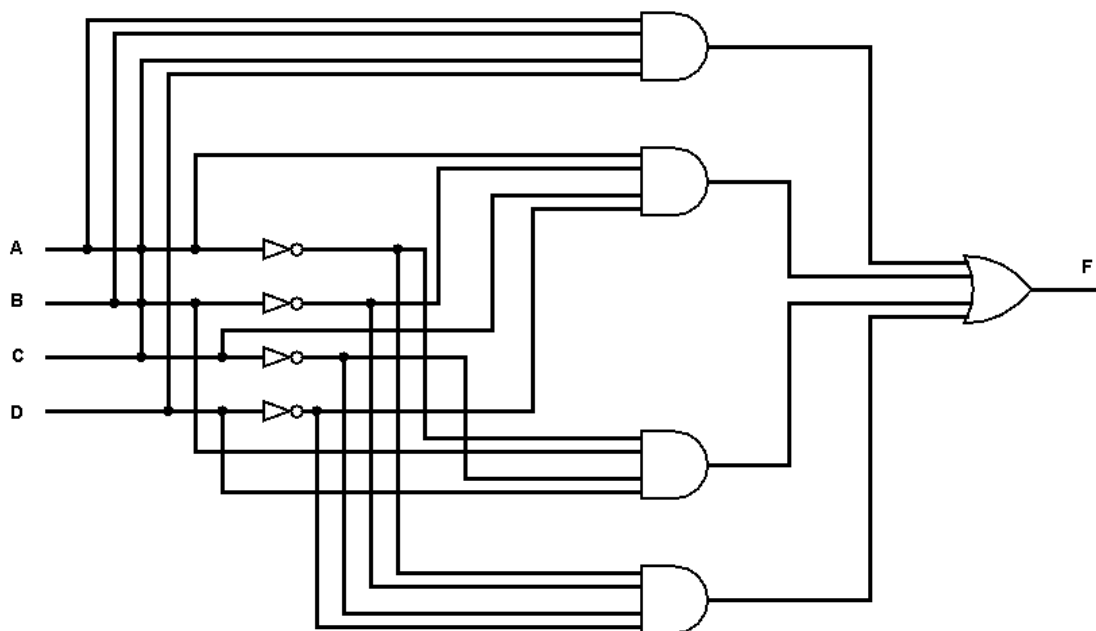
### Exercice 3

1.  $F(A,B,C,D) = ((\bar{A} \cdot C) \text{ NOR } (A \cdot \bar{C})) \cdot (\bar{B} \text{ XOR } D)$

2.

$$\begin{aligned}
 F(A,B,C,D) &= ((\bar{A} \cdot C) \text{ NOR } (A \cdot \bar{C})) \cdot (\bar{B} \text{ XOR } D) \\
 &= ((\overline{\bar{A} \cdot C}) + \overline{A \cdot \bar{C}}) \cdot (\bar{B} \cdot D + \bar{B} \cdot \bar{D}) \\
 &= (\overline{\bar{A} \cdot C}) \cdot \overline{A \cdot \bar{C}} \cdot (\bar{B} \cdot D + \bar{B} \cdot \bar{D}) \\
 &= (A + \bar{C}) \cdot (\bar{A} + C) \cdot (\bar{B} \cdot D + \bar{B} \cdot \bar{D}) \\
 &= (A \cdot C + A \cdot \bar{A} + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{C} + C \cdot \bar{C}) \cdot (\bar{B} \cdot D + \bar{B} \cdot \bar{D}) \\
 &= (A \cdot C + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{C}) \cdot (\bar{B} \cdot D + \bar{B} \cdot \bar{D}) \\
 &= A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot D + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C \cdot \bar{D} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot D + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D}
 \end{aligned}$$

3. Logigramme :



## Exercice 4

1.

A	B	C	F (A,B,C)	Min termes	Max termes
0	0	0	0		$A + B + C$
0	0	1	1	$\bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C$	
0	1	0	1	$\bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C}$	
0	1	1	0		$A + \bar{B} + \bar{C}$
1	0	0	1	$A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C}$	
1	0	1	1	$A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C$	
1	1	0	1	$A \cdot B \cdot \bar{C}$	
1	1	1	0		$\bar{A} + \bar{B} + \bar{C}$

- Sous la première forme canonique (somme des min termes) :

$$F(A, B, C) = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C + A \cdot B \cdot \bar{C}$$

- Sous la deuxième forme canonique (produits des max termes) :

$$F(A, B, C) = (A + B + C) \cdot (A + \bar{B} + \bar{C}) \cdot (\bar{A} + \bar{B} + \bar{C})$$

2.

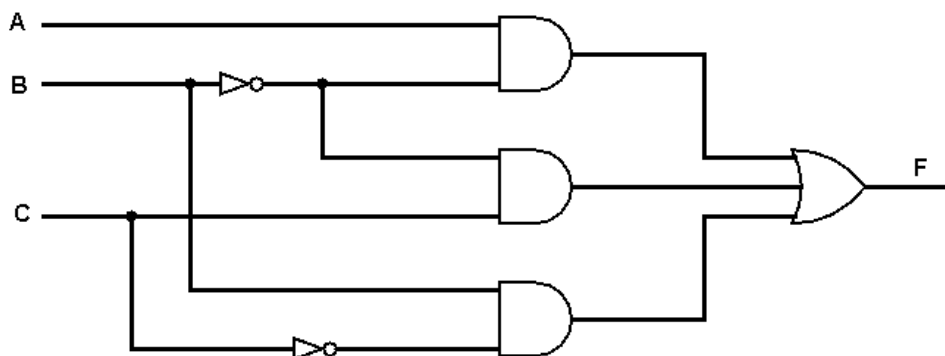
- La table de Karnaugh et fonction logique simplifiée :

BC \ A	00	01	11	10
0	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	1

Et donc l'expression logique simplifiée par la table de Karnaugh est :

$$F(A, B, C) = A \cdot \bar{B} + \bar{B} \cdot C + B \cdot \bar{C}$$

3. Logigramme :



### Exercice 5

a)  $F1(A, B, C) = A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C + A \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot B \cdot C$

- Table de Karnaugh :

BC A	BC	$\bar{B}C$	$B\bar{C}$	$B\bar{C}$
A	1	1	0	1
$\bar{A}$	0	0	0	0

- La fonction simplifiée :

$$F1(A, B, C) = A \cdot B + A \cdot C$$

b)  $F2(A, B, C) = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot \bar{B} + A \cdot B \cdot C$

$$F2(A, B, C) = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot (C + \bar{C}) + A \cdot B \cdot C$$

$$F2(A, B, C) = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot B \cdot C$$

- Table de Karnaugh :

BC A	BC	$\bar{B}C$	$B\bar{C}$	$B\bar{C}$
A	1	1	1	0
$\bar{A}$	0	0	1	0

- La fonction simplifiée :

$$F2(A, B, C) = A \cdot C + \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C}$$

c)  $F3(A, B, C) = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} + \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C$

$$F3(A, B, C) = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot (C + \bar{C}) + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} + \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} \cdot (A + \bar{A}) + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C$$

$$F3(A, B, C) = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C$$

$$F3(A, B, C) = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C$$

- Table de Karnaugh :

A \ BC	BC	$\bar{B}C$	$B\bar{C}$	$\bar{B}\bar{C}$
A	0	1	1	0
$\bar{A}$	0	1	1	1

- La fonction simplifiée :

$$F3(A, B, C) = \bar{B} + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{C}$$

d)  $F4(A, B, C, D) = B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{D} + A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot \bar{D}$

$$F4(A, B, C, D) = B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D} \cdot (A + \bar{A}) + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{D} \cdot (B + \bar{B}) + A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot \bar{D}$$

$$F4(A, B, C, D) = A \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot C \cdot \bar{D} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D} + A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot \bar{D}$$

$$F4(A, B, C, D) = A \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot C \cdot \bar{D} + A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot \bar{D}$$

- Table de Karnaugh :

AB \ CD	CD	$\bar{C}D$	$C\bar{D}$	$\bar{C}\bar{D}$
AB	0	0	1	1
$\bar{A}B$	0	0	1	1
$\bar{A}\bar{B}$	0	0	0	0
$A\bar{B}$	0	0	0	0

- La fonction simplifiée :

$$F4(A, B, C, D) = B \cdot \bar{D}$$

e)  $F5(A, B, C, D) = \bar{A} + A \cdot B + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C \cdot D$

$$= \bar{A} \cdot (B + \bar{B}) \cdot (C + \bar{C}) \cdot (D + \bar{D}) + A \cdot B \cdot (C + \bar{C}) \cdot (D + \bar{D}) + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C \cdot (D + \bar{D}) + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C \cdot D$$

$$= \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot C \cdot D + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot C \cdot \bar{D} + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot D + \bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D} + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C \cdot D + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C \cdot \bar{D} + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} \cdot D + \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D} + A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot D + A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot \bar{D} + A \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot D + A \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D}$$

$$+ A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C \cdot D + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot C \cdot \bar{D} + A \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} \cdot D$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \bar{A}.B.C.D + \bar{A}.B.C.\bar{D} + \bar{A}.B.\bar{C}.D + \bar{A}.B.\bar{C}.\bar{D} + \bar{A}.\bar{B}.C.D + \bar{A}.\bar{B}.C.\bar{D} \\
&+ \bar{A}.\bar{B}.\bar{C}.D + \bar{A}.\bar{B}.\bar{C}.\bar{D} + A.B.C.D + A.B.C.\bar{D} + A.B.\bar{C}.D + A.B.\bar{C}.\bar{D} \\
&+ A.\bar{B}.C.D + A.\bar{B}.C.\bar{D}
\end{aligned}$$

- Table de Karnaugh :

AB \ CD	CD	$\bar{C}D$	$\bar{C}\bar{D}$	$C\bar{D}$
AB	1	1	1	1
$\bar{A}B$	1	1	1	1
$\bar{A}\bar{B}$	1	1	1	1
$A\bar{B}$	1	0	0	1

- La fonction simplifiée :

$$F_5(A, B, C) = B + \bar{A} + C$$

f)  $F_6(A, B, C, D) = \bar{A}.\bar{B}.\bar{D} + \bar{A}.\bar{C}.\bar{D} + \bar{A}.B.C.\bar{D} + A.B.D + \bar{B}.\bar{C}.\bar{D} + A.\bar{B}.C.\bar{D}$   
 $F_6(A, B, C, D) = \bar{A}.\bar{B}.\bar{D}.(C + \bar{C}) + \bar{A}.\bar{C}.\bar{D}.(B + \bar{B}) + \bar{A}.B.C.\bar{D} + A.B.D.(C + \bar{C})$   
 $+ \bar{B}.\bar{C}.\bar{D}.(A + \bar{A}) + A.\bar{B}.C.\bar{D}$

$$\begin{aligned}
F_6(A, B, C, D) &= \bar{A}.\bar{B}.\bar{D}.C + \bar{A}.\bar{B}.\bar{D}.\bar{C} + \bar{A}.B.\bar{C}.\bar{D} + \bar{A}.\bar{B}.\bar{C}.\bar{D} + \bar{A}.B.C.\bar{D} + A.B.C.D \\
&+ A.B.\bar{C}.D + A.\bar{B}.\bar{C}.\bar{D} + \bar{A}.\bar{B}.\bar{C}.\bar{D} + A.\bar{B}.C.\bar{D}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
F_6(A, B, C, D) &= \bar{A}.\bar{B}.C.\bar{D} + \bar{A}.\bar{B}.\bar{C}.\bar{D} + \bar{A}.B.\bar{C}.\bar{D} + \bar{A}.B.C.\bar{D} + A.B.C.D \\
&+ A.B.\bar{C}.D + A.\bar{B}.\bar{C}.\bar{D} + A.\bar{B}.C.\bar{D}
\end{aligned}$$

- Table de Karnaugh :

AB \ CD	CD	$\bar{C}D$	$\bar{C}\bar{D}$	$C\bar{D}$
AB	1	1	0	0
$\bar{A}B$	0	0	1	1
$\bar{A}\bar{B}$	0	0	1	1
$A\bar{B}$	0	0	1	1

- La fonction simplifiée :

$$F_6(A, B, C, D) = \bar{A}.\bar{D} + A.B.D + \bar{B}.\bar{D}$$